INCIDENT, INJURY, TRAUMA AND ILLNESS

QUALITY AREA 2 | MANDATORY POLICY

Purpose

This policy will define the:

- procedures to be followed if a child is ill, or is involved in a medical emergency or an incident at the service that results in injury or trauma
- responsibilities of staff, parents/guardians and the approved provider when a child is ill, or is involved in a medical emergency or an incident at the service that results in injury or trauma
- practices to be followed to reduce the risk of an incident occurring at the service.



POLICY STATEMENT

VALUES

Donvale Preschool is committed to:

- providing a safe and healthy environment for all children, staff, volunteers, students and any other persons participating in or visiting the service
- responding to the needs of an injured, ill or traumatised child at the service
- preventing injuries and trauma
- preventing the spread of illness through simple hygiene practices, monitoring immunisation records and complying with recommended exclusion guidelines
- maintaining a duty of care to children and users of Donvale Preschool

SCOPE

This policy applies to the approved provider, persons with management or control, nominated supervisor, persons in day-to-day charge, early childhood teachers, educators, staff, students, volunteers, parents/guardians, children and others attending the programs and activities of Donvale Preschool, including during offsite excursions and activities.

RESPONSIBILITIES	Committee of Management and persons with management or control	Nominated supervisor	Early childhood teacher, educators and all other staff	Parents/guardians	Contractors, volunteers and students
Ensuring that the premises are kept clean and in good repair	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark

Maintaining effective supervision for all enrolled children in all aspects of the service's program that is reflective of the children's needs, abilities, age and circumstances	V	V	1		
Regularly checking equipment in both indoor and outdoor areas for hazards, and taking the appropriate action to ensure the safety of the children when a hazard is identified	V	V	V		
Being proactive, responsive and flexible in using professional judgments to prevent injury from occurring	V	1	V		1
Having ready access to an operating telephone to enable immediate communication to and from parents and emergency services	V	1	1		
Ensuring that staff have access to medication, Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness forms and WorkSafe Victoria incident report forms	V	V			
Ensuring that the service has an <i>Occupational Health and Safety</i> <i>policy</i> and procedures that outline the process for effectively identifying, managing and reviewing risks and hazards that are likely to cause injury, and reporting notifiable incidents to appropriate authorities	V	V	4		
Ensuring that all educators hold a current approved first aid qualification, Asthma and Anaphylaxis training at all times	V	4	V		
Ensuring that there are an appropriate number of up-to-date, fully equipped first aid kits that are accessible at all times	V	4	V		
Ensuring that children's enrolment forms provide authorisation for the service to seek emergency medical treatment by a medical practitioner, hospital or ambulance service	V	V		V	
Notifying the service, upon enrolment or diagnosis, of any medical conditions and/or needs, and any management procedure to be followed with respect to that condition or need				1	
Informing the service of an infectious disease or illness that has been identified while the child has not attended the service, and that may impact on the health and wellbeing of other children, staff and parents/guardians attending the service				4	
Ensuring that the service is provided with a current medical management plan, if applicable (<i>Regulation 162(d</i>))				1	
Notifying the service when their child will be absent from their regular program				1	
Notifying staff/educators if there is a change in the condition of a/their child's health, or if there have been any recent accidents or incidents that may impact on the child's care e.g. any bruising or head injuries.					
Part of the Child Safe Standards, it is important that if a child presents upon arrival to the service with any visible injury or trauma, this should be discussed and documented prior to the parent/guardian leaving the service	1	4	4	1	V

Responding immediately to any incident, injury or medical emergency	V	\checkmark	1		
Ensuring that a parent/guardian of the child is notified as soon as is practicable, but not later than 24 hours after the occurrence, if the child is involved in any incident, injury, trauma or illness while at the service (<i>Regulation 86</i>)		V	V		
Notifying other person/s as authorised on the child's enrolment form when the parents/guardians are not contactable		4	4		
Considering the emotional wellbeing of all children and educators during and following an accident, injury, trauma or illness events	V	1	V		
Ensuring that regulatory and legislative responsibilities are met in relation to any incident, injury or medical emergency	4	4	1		
Ensuing notifications of serious incidents are made to the regulatory authority (DET) through the NQA IT System as soon as is practicable but not later than 24 hours after the occurrence	V	V			
Recording details of any incident, injury or illness in the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record as soon as is practicable but not later than 24 hours after the occurrence		1	V		
Signing the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record, thereby acknowledging that they have been made aware of the incident				1	
Reviewing and evaluating procedures after an incident or illness as part of the quality improvement process and taking appropriate action to remove the cause if required.	V	V	V		
Ensuring that completed medication records are kept until the end of 3 years after the child's last attendance (<i>Regulation 92, 183</i>)	V	V			
Ensuring that Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Records are maintained and stored securely until the child is 25 years old <i>(Regulations 87, 183)</i>	V	V			
Communicating with families about children's health requirements in culturally sensitive ways and implementing individual children's medical management plans, where relevant	V	V	V	V	_
Being contactable, either directly or through emergency contacts listed on the child's enrolment form, in the event of an incident requiring medical attention				1	
Requesting the parents/guardians make arrangements for the child or children involved in an incident or medical emergency to be collected from the service, or informing parents/guardians if an ambulance has been called		V	V	V	
Collecting their child as soon as possible when notified of an incident, injury or medical emergency involving their child				1	
Arranging payment of all costs incurred when an ambulance service required for their child at the service				1	



PROCEDURES

Ensuring that the following contact numbers are displayed in close proximity of each telephone:

- 000
- DET regional office
- Persons with Management Control on the Committee of Management
- Asthma Victoria: (03) 9326 7088 or toll free 1800 645 130
- Victorian Poisons Information Centre: 13 11 26
- Local council or shire.

When there is a medical emergency, all staff will:

- call an ambulance, where necessary
- administer first aid, and provide care and comfort to the child prior to the parents/guardians or ambulance arriving
- implement the child's current medical management plan, where appropriate
- notify parents/guardians as soon as is practicable of any serious medical emergency, incident or injury concerning the child, and request the parents/guardians make arrangements for the child to be collected from the service and/or inform the parents/guardians that an ambulance has been called
- notify other person/s as authorised on the child's enrolment form, if the parents/guardians are not contactable
- ensure ongoing supervision of all children in attendance at the service
- accompany the child in the ambulance when the parents/guardians are not present, provided that staff-to-child ratios can be maintained at the service
- notify the Nominated Supervisor or Committee of Management of the medical emergency, incident or injury as soon as is practicable
- complete and submit an incident report to DET, the approved provider and the service's public liability insurer following a serious incident.

When a child develops symptoms of illness while at the service, all staff will:

- observing the symptoms of children's illnesses and injuries and systematically recording and sharing this information with families (and medical professionals where required)
- ensure that the nominated supervisor, or child's class teacher, contacts the parents/guardians or authorised emergency contact for the child
- request that the child is collected from the service if the child is not well enough to participate in the program
- ensure that they separate the child from the group and have a staff member remain with the child until the child recovers, a parent/guardian arrives or another responsible person takes charge
- call an ambulance if a child appears very unwell or has a serious injury that needs urgent medical attention
- ensure that the child is returned to the care of the parent/guardian or authorised emergency contact person as soon as is practicable
- ensure that, where medication, medical or dental treatment is obtained, the parents/guardians
 are notified as soon as is practicable and within 24 hours, and are provided with details of the
 illness and subsequent treatment administered to the child
- ensure that the Nominated Supervisor or Committee of Management is notified of the incident
- ensure that the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record is completed as soon as is practicable and within 24 hours of the occurrence.

Details that must be entered in the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record include the following:

• the name and age of the child

- the circumstances leading to the incident, injury or trauma, or relevant circumstances surrounding the child becoming ill (including any symptoms)
- the time and date the incident occurred, the injury was received or the child was subjected to the trauma, or the apparent onset of the illness
- the action taken by the service, including any medication administered, first aid provided or medical personnel contacted
- details of any person who witnessed the incident, injury or trauma, or the apparent onset of illness
- the name of any person the service notified, or attempted to notify, of any incident, injury, trauma or illness that a child suffered while being educated and cared for by the service, and the time and date of the notifications/attempted notifications
- the name and signature of the person making an entry in the record, and the time and date that the entry was made
- signature of a parent/guardian to verify that they have been informed of the occurrence.

All information will be included in the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record as soon as is practicable, but not later than 24 hours after the incident, injury or trauma, or the onset of the illness.

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BACKGROUND AND LEGISLATION

BACKGROUND

People responsible for managing early childhood services and caring for children have a duty of care towards those children. All service staff have a responsibility and a duty of care to act to prevent accidents and emergencies at the service.

Donvale Preschool must have policies and procedures in place in the event that a child is injured, becomes ill or suffers trauma. These procedures should be followed and must include the requirement that a parent/guardian be notified in the event of an incident, injury, illness or trauma relating to their child as soon as possible and within 24 hours of the occurrence.

The *National Regulations* require an accurate Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record to be kept and stored confidentially until the child is 25 years old (*Regulation 183(2)*).

Under the national legislation, each service must ensure that an entry is recorded in the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record for the following occurrences:

- an incident in relation to a child, an injury received by a child or trauma to which a child has been subjected
- an illness that becomes apparent.

Medical emergencies may include serious health issues such as asthma, anaphylaxis, diabetes, fractures, choking and seizures. Such emergencies generally involve only one child, however they can affect everyone in the children's service. In some cases it will be appropriate to refer to specific policies for guidance, such as the *Dealing with Medical Conditions Policy, Asthma Policy, Anaphylaxis Policy, Diabetes Policy and Epilepsy Policy.*

LEGISLATION AND STANDARDS

Relevant legislation and standards include but are not limited to:

- Australian Standards AS3745–2002, Emergency control procedures for buildings, structures and workplaces
- Education and Care Services National Law Act 2010: Section 174(2)
- Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011: Regulations 77, 85–87, 103, 177, 183
- Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008 (Vic)

- Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2009 (Vic)
- Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004 (Vic)
- Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2007
- WorkSafe Victoria Compliance Code: First aid in the workplace (2008)
- National Quality Standard, Quality Area 2: Children's Health and Safety
- National Quality Standard, Quality Area 3: Physical Environment
- National Quality Standard, Quality Area 7: Governance and Leadership
- Therapeutic Goods Act 1989 (Cth)

The most current amendments to listed legislation can be found at:

- Victorian Legislation Victorian Law Today: <u>www.legislation.vic.gov.au</u>
- Commonwealth Legislation Federal Register of Legislation: <u>www.legislation.gov.au</u>



DEFINITIONS

The terms defined in this section relate specifically to this policy. For regularly used terms e.g. Approved Provider, Nominated Supervisor, Notifiable Complaints, Serious Incidents, Duty of Care, etc. refer to the Definitions file of the PolicyWorks catalogue.

Emergency services: Includes ambulance, fire brigade, police and state emergency services.

First aid: The provision of initial care in response to an illness or injury. It generally consists of a series of techniques to preserve life, protect a person (particularly if unconscious), prevent a condition worsening and promote recovery. First aid training should be delivered by approved first aid providers, and a list of these is published on the ACECQA website: <u>www.acecqa.gov.au</u>

Hazard: A source or situation with a potential for harm in terms of human injury or ill health, damage to property, damage to the environment or a combination of these.

Illness: Any sickness and/or associated symptoms that affect the child's normal participation in the program at the service.

Incident: Any unplanned event resulting in or having potential for injury, ill health, damage or other loss.

Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record: Contains details of any incident, injury, trauma or illness that occurs while the child is being educated and cared for by the service. The Approved Provider must ensure an Injury, Trauma and Illness Record is kept in accordance with *Regulation 87 of the Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011* and kept for the period of time specified in *Regulation 183*.

Injury: Any physical damage to the body caused by violence or an incident.

Medication: Any substance, as defined in the *Therapeutic Goods Act 1989 (Cth)*, that is administered for the treatment of an illness or medical condition.

Medical management plan: A document that has been prepared and signed by a doctor that describes symptoms, causes, clear instructions on action and treatment for the child's specific medical condition, and includes the child's name and a photograph of the child. An example of this is the Australasian Society of Clinical Immunology and Allergy (ASCIA) action plan for anaphylaxis.

Medical attention: Includes a visit to a registered medical practitioner or attendance at a hospital.

Medical emergency: An injury or illness that is acute and poses an immediate risk to a person's life or long-term health.

Minor incident: An incident that results in an injury that is small and does not require medical attention.

Trauma: An emotional wound or shock that often has long-lasting effects or any physical damage to the body caused by violence or an incident.

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SOURCES

SOURCES

- ACECQA sample forms and templates: <u>www.acecqa.gov.au</u>
- Building Code of Australia: <u>www.abcb.gov.au</u>
- Staying Healthy: Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services (5th edition, 2013) National Health and Medical Research Council: <u>www.nhmrc.gov.au</u>
- VMIA Insurance Guide, Community Service Organisations program: <u>www.vmia.vic.gov.au</u>
- WorkSafe Victoria: Guide to Incident Notification: <u>www.worksafe.vic.gov.au</u>
- WorkSafe Victoria: Online notification forms: <u>www.worksafe.vic.gov.au</u>



EVALUATION

In order to assess whether the values and purposes of the policy have been achieved, the approved provider will:

- regularly seek feedback from everyone affected by the policy regarding its effectiveness
- monitor the implementation, compliance, complaints and incidents in relation to this policy
- review and analyse information gathered from the Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness Record and staff first aid records regarding incidents at the service
- keep the policy up to date with current legislation, research, policy and best practice
- revise the policy and procedures as part of the service's policy review cycle, or as required
- notify all stakeholders affected by this policy at least 14 days before making any significant changes to this policy or its procedures, unless a lesser period is necessary due to risk (*Regulation 172 (2)*).

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1: Hazard identification checklist (to be completed once a term)



AUTHORISATION

This policy was reviewed by the approved provider of Donvale Preschool on 19th July 2021

ATTACHMENT 1. SAMPLE HAZARD IDENTIFICATION CHECKLIST

Service:			
 Date:			

Inspected by:

Hazard	Yes	No	Comments
1. Floors			
Surface is even and in good repair			
Surface is free from tripping and slipping hazards (e.g. oil, water, sand)			
Surface is safe (e.g. not likely to become excessively slippery when wet)			
2. Kitchen and work benches			
Work bench space is adequate and at comfortable working height			
Kitchen and work bench space is clean and free of clutter			
Equipment not in use is properly stored			
Lighting is satisfactory			
A door or gate restricts child access to the kitchen			
Ventilation fan is in good working order			
Kitchen appliances are clean and in good working order			
3. Emergency evacuation			
Staff have knowledge of fire drills and emergency evacuation procedures			
Fire drill instructions are displayed prominently in the service			
Regular fire drills are conducted			
Extinguishers are in place, recently serviced and clearly marked for type of fire			
Exit signs are posted and clear of obstructions			
Exit doors are easily opened from inside			
4. Security and lighting			
Security lighting is installed in the building and car park			
There is good natural lighting			
There is no direct or reflected glare			
Light fittings are clean and in good repair			

Emergency lighting is readily available and		
operable (e.g. torch)		
5. Windows		
Windows are clean, admitting plenty of daylight		
Windows have no broken panes		
6. Steps and landings		
All surfaces are safe		
There is adequate protective railing which is in good condition		
7. Ladders and steps		
Ladders and steps are stored in a proper place		
Ladders and steps are free of defects (e.g. broken or missing rungs etc.)		
They conform to Australian Standards		
They are used appropriately to access equipment stored above shoulder height		
8. Chemicals and hazardous substances		
All chemicals are clearly labelled		
All chemicals are stored in locked cupboard		
Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are provided for all hazardous substances		
9. Storage (internal and external)	<u>р</u>	
Storage is designed to minimise lifting problems		
Materials are stored securely		
Shelves are free of dust and rubbish		
Floors are clear of rubbish or obstacles		
Dangerous material or equipment is stored out of reach of children		
10. Manual handling and ergonomics		
Trolleys or other devices are used to move heavy objects		
Heavy equipment (such as planks and trestles) is stored in a way that enables it to be lifted safely		
Adult-sized chairs are provided and used for staff (to avoid sitting on children's chairs)		
Workstations are set up with the chair at the correct height		
Workstations are set up with phone, mouse and documents within easy reach and screen adjusted properly		

Work practices avoid the need to sit or stand for long periods at a time		
11. Electrical		
There are guards around heaters		
Equipment not in use is properly stored		
Electrical equipment has been checked and tagged		
Use of extension leads, double adaptors and power boards are kept to a minimum		
Plugs, sockets or switches are in good repair		
Leads are free of defects and fraying		
Floors are free from temporary leads		
There are power outlet covers in place		
12. Internal environment	I	
Hand-washing facilities and toilets are clean and in good repair		
There is adequate ventilation around photocopiers and printers		
13. First aid and infection control		
Staff have current approved first aid qualifications and training		
First aid cabinet is clearly marked and accessible		
Cabinet is fully stocked and meets Australian Standards (refer to Administration of First Aid Policy)		
Disposable gloves are provided		
Infection control procedures are in place		
Current emergency telephone numbers are displayed		
14. External areas		
Fencing is secure, unscalable and of a height prescribed by the Building Code of Australia (no breaches in the fence or materials left adjacent that would assist children to scale the fence)		
Child-proof locks are fitted to gates		
Paving and paths have an even surface and are in good repair		
Paving and path surfaces are free of slipping hazards, such as sand		
Soft-fall and grass areas are free of hazards		
Equipment and materials used are in good repair and free of hazards		